110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 251

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to the importation of prescription drugs, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 10, 2007

Mr. VITTER (for himself and Mr. DEMINT) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to the importation of prescription drugs, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Pharmaceutical Mar-
- 5 ket Access Act of 2007".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds as follows:

- 1 (1) Americans unjustly pay up to 1,000 percent 2 more to fill their prescriptions than consumers in 3 other countries.
 - (2) The United States is the world's largest market for pharmaceuticals yet consumers still pay the world's highest prices.
 - (3) An unaffordable drug is neither safe nor effective. Allowing and structuring the importation of prescription drugs ensures access to affordable drugs, thus providing a level of safety to American consumers they do not currently enjoy.
 - (4) Prescription drug costs are a leading cause of the growth in United States health care spending, which reached nearly \$2,000,000,0000 in 2005, of which spending on prescription drugs amounted to \$200,700,000,000.
 - (5) According to the Congressional Budget Office, American seniors alone will spend \$1,800,000,000,000 on pharmaceuticals over the next 10 years.
- 21 (6) Allowing open pharmaceutical markets 22 could save American consumers at least 23 \$635,000,000,000 of their own money.
- 24 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

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The purposes of this Act to—

1	(1) give all Americans immediate relief from the
2	outrageously high cost of pharmaceuticals;
3	(2) reverse the perverse economics of the Amer-
4	ican pharmaceutical market;
5	(3) allow the importation of prescription drugs
6	only if the drugs and facilities where such drugs are
7	manufactured are approved by the Food and Drug
8	Administration, and to exclude pharmaceutical nar-
9	cotics;
10	(4) ensure continued integrity to the prescrip-
11	tion drug supply of the United States by—
12	(A) requiring that imported prescription
13	drugs be packaged and shipped using counter-
14	feit-resistant technologies;
15	(B) requiring Internet pharmacies to reg-
16	ister with the United States Government for
17	Americans to verify authenticity before pur-
18	chases over the Internet;
19	(C) requiring all foreign sellers to register
20	with United States Government and submit to
21	facility inspections by the Government without
22	prior notice; and
23	(D) limiting the eligible countries from
24	which prescription drugs may be imported to
25	Canada, member countries of the European

1	Union, and other highly industrialized nations
2	with safe pharmaceutical infrastructures.
3	SEC. 4. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 804 OF THE FEDERAL
4	FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT.
5	(a) Definitions.—Section 804(a) of the Federal
6	Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(a)) is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
9	"(1) Importer.—The term 'importer' means a
10	pharmacy, group of pharmacies, pharmacist, or
11	wholesaler.
12	"(2) Permitted Country.—The term 'per-
13	mitted country' means Australia, Canada, Israel,
14	Japan, New Zealand, Switzerland, South Africa,
15	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Ger-
16	many, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxemburg, Nether-
17	lands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, the United King-
18	dom, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway, except
19	that the Secretary—
20	"(A) may add a country, union, or eco-
21	nomic area as a permitted country for purposes
22	of this section if the Secretary determines that
23	the country, union, or economic area has a
24	pharmaceutical infrastructure that is substan-
25	tially equivalent or superior to the pharma-

1	ceutical infrastructure of the United States,
2	taking into consideration pharmacist qualifica-
3	tions, pharmacy storage procedures, the drug
4	distribution system, the drug dispensing system,
5	and market regulation; and
6	"(B) may remove a country, union, or eco-
7	nomic area as a permitted country for purposes
8	of this section if the Secretary determines that
9	the country, union, or economic area does not
10	have such a pharmaceutical infrastructure.
11	"(3) Pharmacist.—The term 'pharmacist'
12	means a person licensed by the relevant govern-
13	mental authority to practice pharmacy, including the
14	dispensing and selling of prescription drugs.
15	"(4) Pharmacy.—The term 'pharmacy' means
16	a person that is licensed by the relevant govern-
17	mental authority to engage in the business of selling
18	prescription drugs that employs 1 or more phar-
19	macists.
20	"(5) Prescription drug.—The term 'pre-
21	scription drug' means a drug subject to section
22	503(b), other than—
23	"(A) a controlled substance (as defined in
24	section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act
25	(21 U.S.C. 802));

1	"(B) a biological product (as defined in
2	section 351 of the Public Health Service Act
3	(42 U.S.C. 262));
4	"(C) an infused drug (including a peri-
5	toneal dialysis solution);
6	"(D) an intravenously injected drug;
7	"(E) a drug that is inhaled during surgery;
8	or
9	"(F) a drug which is a parenteral drug,
10	the importation of which pursuant to subsection
11	(b) is determined by the Secretary to pose a
12	threat to the public health, in which case sec-
13	tion $801(d)(1)$ shall continue to apply.
14	"(6) QUALIFYING DRUG.—The term 'qualifying
15	drug' means a prescription drug that—
16	"(A) is approved pursuant to an applica-
17	tion submitted under section $505(b)(1)$; and
18	"(B) is not—
19	"(i) a drug manufactured through 1
20	or more biotechnology processes;
21	"(ii) a drug that is required to be re-
22	frigerated; or
23	"(iii) a photoreactive drug.
24	"(7) QUALIFYING INTERNET PHARMACY.—The
25	term 'qualifying Internet pharmacy' means a reg-

- 1 istered exporter that dispenses qualifying drugs to 2 individuals over an Internet website. "(8) QUALIFYING LABORATORY.—The term 3 'qualifying laboratory' means a laboratory in the 4 5 United States that has been approved by the Sec-6 retary for the purposes of this section. 7 "(9) REGISTERED EXPORTER.—The term 'registered exporter' means a person that is in the busi-8 9 ness of exporting a drug to persons in the United 10 States (or that seeks to be in such business), for 11 which a registration under this section has been ap-12 proved and is in effect. 13 "(10) Wholesaler.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'wholesaler' 14 15 means a person licensed as a wholesaler or dis-16 tributor of prescription drugs in the United
- 18 "(B) EXCLUSION.—The term 'wholesaler'
 19 does not include a person authorized to import
 20 drugs under section 801(d)(1).".

States under section 503(e)(2)(A).

- 21 (b) REGULATIONS.—Section 804(b) of the Federal 22 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(b)) is
- 23 amended to read as follows:
- 24 "(b) Regulations.—Not later than 180 days after
- 25 the date of enactment of the Pharmaceutical Market Ac-

- 1 cess Act of 2007, the Secretary, after consultation with
- 2 the United States Trade Representative and the Commis-
- 3 sioner of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection,
- 4 shall promulgate regulations permitting pharmacists,
- 5 pharmacies, and wholesalers to import qualifying drugs
- 6 from permitted countries into the United States.".
- 7 (c) Limitation.—Section 804(c) of the Federal
- 8 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(c)) is
- 9 amended by striking "prescription drug" each place it ap-
- 10 pears and inserting "qualifying drug".
- 11 (d) Information and Records.—Section
- 12 804(d)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
- 13 (21 U.S.C. 384(d)(1)) is amended—
- 14 (1) by striking subparagraph (G) and redesig-
- nating subparagraphs (H) through (N) as subpara-
- graphs (G) through (M), respectively;
- 17 (2) in subparagraph (H) (as so redesignated),
- by striking "telephone number, and professional li-
- cense number (if any)" and inserting "and telephone
- 20 number"; and
- 21 (3) in subparagraph (L) (as so redesignated),
- by striking "(J) and (L)" and inserting "(I) and
- 23 (K)".

1	(e) Testing.—Section 804(e) of the Federal Food,
2	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(e)) is amended
3	to read as follows:
4	"(e) Testing.—The regulations under subsection (b)
5	shall require that the testing described under subpara-
6	graphs (I) and (K) of subsection (d)(1) be conducted by
7	the importer of the qualifying drug, unless the qualifying
8	drug is subject to the requirements under section 505C
9	for counterfeit-resistant technologies.".
10	(f) Registration of Exporters; Inspections.—
11	Section 804(f) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
12	Act (21 U.S.C. 384(f)) is amended to read as follows:
13	"(f) Registration of Exporters; Inspections.—
14	"(1) In general.—Any person that seeks to
15	be a registered exporter (referred to in this sub-
16	section as the 'registrant') shall submit to the Sec-
17	retary a registration that includes the following:
18	"(A) The name of the registrant and iden-
19	tification of all places of business of the reg-
20	istrant that relate to qualifying drugs, including
21	each warehouse or other facility owned or con-
22	trolled by, or operated for, the registrant;
23	"(B) An agreement by the registrant to—
24	"(i) make its places of business that
25	relate to qualifying drugs (including ware-

1	houses and other facilities owned or con-
2	trolled by, or operated for, the exporter)
3	and records available to the Secretary for
4	on-site inspections, without prior notice,
5	for the purpose of determining whether the
6	registrant is in compliance with this Act's
7	requirements;
8	"(ii) export only qualifying drugs;
9	"(iii) export only to persons author-
10	ized to import the drugs;
11	"(iv) notify the Secretary of a recall
12	or withdrawal of a qualifying drug distrib-
13	uted in a permitted country to or from
14	which the registrant has exported or im-
15	ported, or intends to export or import, to
16	the United States;
17	"(v) monitor compliance with registra-
18	tion conditions and report any noncompli-
19	ance promptly;
20	"(vi) submit a compliance plan show-
21	ing how the registrant will correct viola-
22	tions, if any; and
23	"(vii) promptly notify the Secretary of
24	changes in the registration information of
25	the registrant.

1	"(2) Notice of approval or disapproval.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90
3	days after receiving a completed registration
4	from a registrant, the Secretary shall—
5	"(i) notify such registrant of receipt
6	of the registration;
7	"(ii) assign such registrant a registra-
8	tion number; and
9	"(iii) approve or disapprove the appli-
10	eation.
11	"(B) DISAPPROVAL OF APPLICATION.—
12	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary
13	shall disapprove a registration, and notify
14	the registrant of such disapproval, if the
15	Secretary has reason to believe that such
16	registrant is not in compliance with a reg-
17	istration condition.
18	"(ii) Subsequent approval.—The
19	Secretary may subsequently approve a reg-
20	istration that was denied under clause (i)
21	if the Secretary finds that the registrant is
22	in compliance with all registration condi-
23	tions.
24	"(3) List.—The Secretary shall—

1	"(A) maintain an up-to-date list of reg-
2	istered exporters (including qualifying Internet
3	pharmacies that sell qualifying drugs to individ-
4	uals);

- "(B) make such list available to the public on the Internet site of the Food and Drug Administration and via a toll-free telephone number; and
- "(C) update such list promptly after the approval of a registration under this subsection.
- "(4) EDUCATION OF CONSUMERS.—The Secretary shall carry out activities, by use of the Internet website and toll-free telephone number under paragraph (3), that educate consumers with regard to the availability of qualifying drugs for import for personal use under this section, including information on how to verify whether an exporter is registered.
- "(5) Inspection of importers and registered exporters and records of importers and registered exporters as often as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure that such importers and registered exporters are in compliance with this section.".

1	(g) Suspension of Importation.—Section 804(g)
2	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
3	384(g)) is amended by—
4	(1) striking "and the Secretary determines that
5	the public is adequately protected from counterfeit
6	and violative prescription drugs being imported
7	under subsection (b)"; and
8	(2) by adding after the period at the end the
9	following: "The Secretary shall reinstate the impor-
10	tation by a specific importer upon a determination
11	by the Secretary that the violation has been cor-
12	rected and that the importer has demonstrated that
13	further violations will not occur. This subsection
14	shall not apply to a prescription drug imported by
15	an individual, or to a prescription drug shipped to
16	an individual by a qualifying Internet pharmacy.".
17	(h) WAIVER AUTHORITY FOR INDIVIDUALS.—Section
18	804(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
19	U.S.C. 384(j)) is amended to read as follows:
20	"(j) Importation by Individuals.—
21	"(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
22	after the enactment of the Pharmaceutical Market
23	Access Act of 2007, the Secretary shall by regula-
24	tion permit an individual to import a drug from a

1	permitted country to the United States if the drug
2	is—
3	"(A) a qualifying drug;
4	"(B) imported from a licensed pharmacy
5	or qualifying Internet pharmacy;
6	"(C) for personal use by an individual, or
7	family member of the individual, not for resale;
8	"(D) in a quantity that does not exceed a
9	90-day supply during any 90-day period; and
10	"(E) accompanied by a copy of a prescrip-
11	tion for the drug, which—
12	"(i) is valid under applicable Federal
13	and State laws; and
14	"(ii) was issued by a practitioner who
15	is authorized to administer prescription
16	drugs.
17	"(2) Drugs dispensed outside the united
18	STATES.—An individual may import a drug from a
19	country that is not a permitted country if—
20	"(A) the drug was dispensed to the indi-
21	vidual while the individual was in such country,
22	and the drug was dispensed in accordance with
23	the laws and regulations of such country;

1	"(B) the individual is entering the United
2	States and the drug accompanies the individual
3	at the time of entry;
4	"(C) the drug is approved for commercial
5	distribution in the country in which the drug
6	was obtained;
7	"(D) the drug does not appear to be adul-
8	terated; and
9	"(E) the quantity of the drug does not ex-
10	ceed a 14-day supply.".
11	(i) Repeal of Certain Provisions.—Section 804
12	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
13	384) is amended by striking subsections (l) and (m).
14	SEC. 5. REGISTRATION FEES.
15	Subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food
16	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 397f et seq.) is
17	amended by adding at the end the following:
18	"PART 5—FEES RELATING TO PRESCRIPTION
19	DRUG IMPORTATION
20	"SEC. 740A. FEES RELATING TO PRESCRIPTION DRUG IM-
21	PORTATION.
22	"(a) Registration Fee.—The Secretary shall es-
23	tablish a registration fee program under which a reg-
24	istered exporter under section 804 shall be required to pay

an annual fee to the Secretary in accordance with this sub-2 section. 3 "(b) Collection.— 4 "(1) Collection on initial registration.— 5 A fee under this section shall be payable for the fis-6 cal year in which the registered exporter first sub-7 mits a registration under section 804 (or reregisters 8 under that section if that person has withdrawn its 9 registration and subsequently reregisters) in a 10 amount of \$10,000, due on the date the exporter 11 first submits a registration to the Secretary under 12 section 804. 13 "(2) Collection in Subsequent Years.— 14 After the fee is paid for the first fiscal year, the fee 15 described under this subsection shall be payable on 16 or before October 1 of each year. 17 "(3) ONE FEE PER FACILITY.—The fee shall be 18 paid only once for each registered exporter for a fis-19 cal year in which the fee is payable. 20 "(c) FEE AMOUNT.— 21 "(1) In General.—Subject to subsection 22 (b)(1), the amount of the fee shall be determined

each year by the Secretary and shall be based on the

anticipated costs to the Secretary of enforcing the

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1	amendments made by the Pharmaceutical Market
2	Access Act of 2007 in the subsequent fiscal year.
3	"(2) Limitation.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate total of
5	fees collected under this section shall not exceed
6	1 percent of the total price of drugs exported
7	annually to the United States by registered ex-
8	porters under this section.
9	"(B) Reasonable estimate.—Subject to
10	the limitation described in subparagraph (A), a
11	fee under this subsection for an exporter shall
12	be an amount that is a reasonable estimate by
13	the Secretary of the annual share of the ex-
14	porter of the volume of drugs exported by ex-
15	porters under this section.
16	"(d) Use of Fees.—The fees collected under this
17	section shall be used for the sole purpose of administering
18	this section with respect to registered exporters, including
19	the costs associated with—
20	"(1) inspecting the facilities of registered ex-
21	porters, and of other entities in the chain of custody
22	of a qualifying drug;
23	"(2) developing, implementing, and maintaining
24	a system to determine registered exporters' compli-
25	ance with the registration conditions under the

1 Pharmaceutical Market Access Act of 2007, includ-2 ing when shipments of qualifying drugs are offered 3 for import into the United States; and 4 "(3) inspecting such shipments, as necessary, 5 when offered for import into the United States to 6 determine if any such shipment should be refused 7 admission. "(e) Annual Fee Setting.—The Secretary shall 8 establish, 60 days before the beginning of each fiscal year 10 beginning after September 30, 2007, for that fiscal year, 11 registration fees. 12 "(f) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO PAY FEES.— 13 "(1) DUE DATE.—A fee payable under this sec-14 tion shall be paid by the date that is 30 days after 15 the date on which the fee is due. 16 "(2) Failure to pay.—If a registered exporter 17 subject to a fee under this section fails to pay the 18 fee, the Secretary shall not permit the registered ex-19 porter to engage in exportation to the United States 20 or offering for exportation prescription drugs under 21 this Act until all such fees owed by that person are 22 paid.

"(g) Reports.—

1	"(1) Fee establishment.—Not later than 60
2	days before the beginning of each fiscal year, the
3	Secretary shall—
4	"(A) publish registration fees under this
5	section for that fiscal year;
6	"(B) hold a meeting at which the public
7	may comment on the recommendations; and
8	"(C) provide for a period of 30 days for
9	the public to provide written comments on the
10	recommendations.
11	"(2) Performance and fiscal report.—Be-
12	ginning with fiscal year 2007, not later than 60 days
13	after the end of each fiscal year during which fees
14	are collected under this section, the Secretary shall
15	submit to the Committee on Health, Education,
16	Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Com-
17	mittee on Energy and Commerce of the House of
18	Representatives a report that describes—
19	"(A) implementation of the registration fee
20	authority during the fiscal year; and
21	"(B) the use by the Secretary of the fees
22	collected during the fiscal year for which the re-
23	port is made ''

1 SEC. 6. COUNTERFEIT-RESISTANT TECHNOLOGY.

- 2 (a) Misbranding.—Section 502 of the Federal
- 3 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 352; deeming
- 4 drugs and devices to be misbranded) is amended by adding
- 5 at the end the following:
- 6 "(x) If it is a drug subject to section 503(b), unless
- 7 the packaging of such drug complies with the require-
- 8 ments of section 505C for counterfeit-resistant tech-
- 9 nologies.".
- 10 (b) Requirements.—Chapter V of the Federal
- 11 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.)
- 12 is amended by inserting after section 505B the following:
- 13 "SEC. 505C. COUNTERFEIT-RESISTANT TECHNOLOGIES.
- 14 "(a) Incorporation of Counterfeit-Resistant
- 15 Technologies Into Prescription Drug Pack-
- 16 AGING.—The Secretary shall require that the packaging
- 17 of any drug subject to section 503(b) incorporate—
- 18 "(1) overt optically variable counterfeit-resist-
- ant technologies that are described in subsection (b)
- and comply with the standards of subsection (c); or
- 21 "(2) technologies that have an equivalent func-
- 22 tion of security, as determined by the Secretary.
- 23 "(b) Eligible Technologies.—Technologies de-
- 24 scribed in this subsection—
- 25 "(1) shall be visible to the naked eye, providing
- for visual identification of product authenticity with-

- out the need for readers, microscopes, lighting devices, or scanners;
- 3 "(2) shall be similar to that used by the Bureau 4 of Engraving and Printing to secure United States 5 currency;
 - "(3) shall be manufactured and distributed in a highly secure, tightly controlled environment; and
 - "(4) should incorporate additional layers of non-visible covert security features up to and including forensic capability.

"(c) Standards for Packaging.—

- "(1) Multiple elements.—For the purpose of making it more difficult to counterfeit the packaging of drugs subject to section 503(b), manufacturers of the drugs shall incorporate the technologies described in subsection (b) into multiple elements of the physical packaging of the drugs, including blister packs, shrink wrap, package labels, package seals, bottles, and boxes.
- "(2) Labeling of Shipping Container.—
 Shipments of drugs described in subsection (a) shall include a label on the shipping container that incorporates the technologies described in subsection (b), so that officials inspecting the packages will be able to determine the authenticity of the shipment. Chain

- 1 of custody procedures shall apply to such labels and
- 2 shall include procedures applicable to contractual
- agreements for the use and distribution of the labels,
- 4 methods to audit the use of the labels, and database
- 5 access for the relevant governmental agencies for
- 6 audit or verification of the use and distribution of
- 7 the labels.
- 8 "(d) Effective Date.—This section shall take ef-
- 9 fect 180 days after the date of enactment of the Pharma-
- 10 ceutical Market Access Act of 2007.".

11 SEC. 7. PROHIBITED ACTS.

- 12 Section 301 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
- 13 Act (21 U.S.C. 331) is amended by inserting after sub-
- 14 section (k) the following:
- 15 "(l) The failure to register in accordance with section
- 16 804(f) or to import or offer to import a prescription drug
- 17 in violation of a suspension order under section 804(g).".
- 18 SEC. 8. PATENTS.
- 19 Section 271 of title 35, United States Code, is
- 20 amended—
- 21 (1) by redesignating subsections (h) and (i) as
- subsections (i) and (j), respectively; and
- 23 (2) by inserting after subsection (g) the fol-
- lowing:

1	"(h) It shall not be an act of infringement to use,
2	offer to sell, or sell within the United States or to import
3	into the United States any patented invention under sec-
4	tion 804 (21 U.S.C. 384) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
5	Cosmetic Act that was first sold abroad by or under au-
6	thority of the owner or licensee of such patent.".
7	SEC. 9. OTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.
8	(a) In General.—Section 804 of the Federal Food,
9	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as amended in section 4) is
10	amended by adding at the end the following:
11	"(l) Unfair or Discriminatory Acts and Prac-
12	TICES.—
13	"(1) In general.—It is unlawful for a manu-
14	facturer, directly or indirectly (including by being a
15	party to a licensing or other agreement) to—
16	"(A) discriminate by charging a higher
17	price for a prescription drug sold to a person in
18	a permitted country that exports a prescription
19	drug to the United States under this section
20	than the price that is charged to another person
21	that is in the same country and that does not
22	export a prescription drug into the United
23	States under this section;
24	"(B) discriminate by charging a higher
25	price for a prescription drug sold to a person

that distributes, sells, or uses a prescription drug imported into the United States under this section than the price that is charged to another person in the United States that does not import a prescription drug under this section, or that does not distribute, sell, or use such a drug;

- "(C) discriminate by denying supplies of a prescription drug to a person in a permitted country that exports a prescription drug to the United States under this section or distributes, sells, or uses a prescription drug imported into the United States under this section;
- "(D) discriminate by publicly, privately, or otherwise refusing to do business with a person in a permitted country that exports a prescription drug to the United States under this section or distributes, sells, or uses a prescription drug imported into the United States under this section;
- "(E) discriminate by specifically restricting or delaying the supply of a prescription drug to a person in a permitted country that exports a prescription drug to the United States under this section or distributes, sells, or uses a pre-

1	scription drug imported into the United States
2	under this section;
3	"(F) cause there to be a difference (includ-
4	ing a difference in active ingredient, route of
5	administration, dosage form, strength, formula-
6	tion, manufacturing establishment, manufac-
7	turing process, or person that manufactures the
8	drug) between a prescription drug for distribu-
9	tion in the United States and the drug for dis-
10	tribution in a permitted country for the purpose
11	of restricting importation of the drug into the
12	United States under this section;
13	"(G) refuse to allow an inspection author-
14	ized under this section of an establishment that
15	manufactures a prescription drug that may be
16	imported or offered for import under this sec-
17	tion;
18	"(H) fail to conform to the methods used
19	in, or the facilities used for, the manufacturing,
20	processing, packing, or holding of a prescription
21	drug that may be imported or offered for im-
22	port under this section to good manufacturing
23	practice under this Act;
24	"(I) become a party to a licensing or other

agreement related to a prescription drug that

fails to provide for compliance with all requirements of this section with respect to such prescription drug or that has the effect of prohibiting importation of the drug under this section;

or

(J) engage in any other action that the

- "(J) engage in any other action that the Federal Trade Commission determines to discriminate against a person that engages in, or to impede, delay, or block the process for, the importation of a prescription drug under this section.
- "(2) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.—It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge that a person has discriminated under subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E) of paragraph (1) that the higher price charged for a prescription drug sold to a person, the denial of supplies of a prescription drug to a person, the refusal to do business with a person, or the specific restriction or delay of supplies to a person is not based, in whole or in part, on—
 - "(A) the person exporting or importing a prescription drug into the United States under this section; or

1	"(B) the person distributing, selling, or
2	using a prescription drug imported into the
3	United States under this section.
4	"(3) Presumption and Affirmative De-
5	FENSE.—
6	"(A) Presumption.—A difference (includ-
7	ing a difference in active ingredient, route of
8	administration, dosage form, strength, formula-
9	tion, manufacturing establishment, manufac-
10	turing process, or person that manufactures the
11	drug) created after January 1, 2007, between a
12	prescription drug for distribution in the United
13	States and the drug for distribution in a per-
14	mitted country shall be presumed under para-
15	graph (1)(H) to be for the purpose of restrict-
16	ing importation of the drug into the United
17	States under this section.
18	"(B) Affirmative defense.—It shall be
19	an affirmative defense to the presumption
20	under subparagraph (A) that—
21	"(i) the difference was required by the
22	country in which the drug is distributed; or
23	"(ii) the Secretary has determined
24	that the difference was necessary to im-

1	prove the safety or effectiveness of the
2	drug.
3	"(4) Effect of subsection.—
4	"(A) Sales in other countries.—This
5	subsection applies only to the sale or distribu-
6	tion of a prescription drug in a country if the
7	manufacturer of the drug chooses to sell or dis-
8	tribute the drug in the country. Nothing in this
9	subsection shall be construed to compel the
10	manufacturer of a drug to distribute or sell the
11	drug in a country.
12	"(B) DISCOUNTS TO INSURERS, HEALTH
13	PLANS, PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS, AND
14	COVERED ENTITIES.—Nothing in this sub-
15	section shall be construed to—
16	"(i) prevent or restrict a manufac-
17	turer of a prescription drug from providing
18	discounts to an insurer, health plan, phar-
19	macy benefit manager in the United
20	States, or covered entity in the drug dis-
21	count program under section 340B in re-
22	turn for inclusion of the drug on a for-

mulary;

1	"(ii) require that such discounts be
2	made available to other purchasers of the
3	prescription drug; or
4	"(iii) prevent or restrict any other
5	measures taken by an insurer, health plan,
6	or pharmacy benefit manager to encourage
7	consumption of such prescription drug.
8	"(C) Charitable contributions.—
9	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed
10	to—
11	"(i) prevent a manufacturer from do-
12	nating a prescription drug, or supplying a
13	prescription drug at nominal cost, to a
14	charitable or humanitarian organization,
15	including the United Nations and affili-
16	ates, or to a government of a foreign coun-
17	try; or
18	"(ii) apply to such donations or sup-
19	plying of a prescription drug.
20	"(5) Enforcement.—
21	"(A) Unfair or deceptive act or prac-
22	TICE.—A violation of this subsection shall be
23	treated as a violation of a rule defining an un-
24	fair or deceptive act or practice prescribed

1	under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade
2	Commission Act.
3	"(B) ACTIONS BY THE COMMISSION.—The
4	Federal Trade Commission—
5	"(i) shall enforce this subsection in
6	the same manner, by the same means, and
7	with the same jurisdiction, powers, and du-
8	ties as though all applicable terms and pro-
9	visions of the Federal Trade Commission
10	Act were incorporated into and made a
11	part of this section; and
12	"(ii) may seek monetary relief three-
13	fold the damages sustained.
14	"(6) Actions by States.—
15	"(A) In general.—
16	"(i) CIVIL ACTIONS.—The attorney
17	general of a State may bring a civil action
18	on behalf of the residents of the State, and
19	persons doing business in the State, in a
20	district court of the United States of ap-
21	propriate jurisdiction for a violation of
22	paragraph (1) to—
23	"(I) enjoin that practice;
24	"(II) enforce compliance with
25	this subsection;

1	"(III) obtain damages, restitu-
2	tion, or other compensation on behalf
3	of residents of the State and persons
4	doing business in the State, including
5	threefold the damages; or
6	"(IV) obtain such other relief as
7	the court may consider to be appro-
8	priate.
9	"(ii) Notice.—
10	"(I) In general.—Before filing
11	an action under clause (i), the attor-
12	ney general of the State involved shall
13	provide to the Federal Trade Commis-
14	sion—
15	"(aa) written notice of that
16	action; and
17	"(bb) a copy of the com-
18	plaint for that action.
19	"(II) Exemption.—Subclause
20	(I) shall not apply with respect to the
21	filing of an action by an attorney gen-
22	eral of a State under this paragraph,
23	if the attorney general determines
24	that it is not feasible to provide the
25	notice described in that subclause be-

1	fore filing of the action. In such case,
2	the attorney general of a State shall
3	provide notice and a copy of the com-
4	plaint to the Federal Trade Commis-
5	sion at the same time as the attorney
6	general files the action.
7	"(B) Intervention.—
8	"(i) In general.—On receiving no-
9	tice under subparagraph (A)(ii), the Com-
10	mission shall have the right to intervene in
11	the action that is the subject of the notice.
12	"(ii) Effect of intervention.—If
13	the Commission intervenes in an action
14	under subparagraph (A), it shall have the
15	right—
16	"(I) to be heard with respect to
17	any matter that arises in that action;
18	and
19	"(II) to file a petition for appeal.
20	"(C) Construction.—For purposes of
21	bringing any civil action under subparagraph
22	(A), nothing in this subsection shall be con-
23	strued to prevent an attorney general of a State
24	from exercising the powers conferred on the at-
25	torney general by the laws of that State to—

1	"(i) conduct investigations;
2	"(ii) administer oaths or affirmations;
3	or
4	"(iii) compel the attendance of wit-
5	nesses or the production of documentary
6	and other evidence.
7	"(D) Actions by the commission.—
8	"(i) In general.—In any case in
9	which an action is instituted by or on be-
10	half of the Commission for a violation of
11	paragraph (1), a State may not, during the
12	pendency of that action, institute an action
13	under subparagraph (A) for the same vio-
14	lation against any defendant named in the
15	complaint in that action.
16	"(ii) Intervention.—An attorney
17	general of a State may intervene, on behalf
18	of the residents of that State, in an action
19	instituted by the Commission.
20	"(iii) Effect of intervention.—If
21	an attorney general of a State intervenes
22	in an action instituted by the Commission,
23	such attorney general shall have the
24	right—

1	"(I) to be heard with respect to
2	any matter that arises in that action;
3	and
4	"(II) to file a petition for appeal.
5	"(E) Venue.—Any action brought under
6	subparagraph (A) may be brought in the dis-
7	trict court of the United States that meets ap-
8	plicable requirements relating to venue under
9	section 1391 of title 28, United States Code.
10	"(F) Service of Process.—In an action
11	brought under subparagraph (A), process may
12	be served in any district in which the defend-
13	ant—
14	"(i) is an inhabitant; or
15	"(ii) may be found.
16	"(G) Limitation of actions.—Any ac-
17	tion under this paragraph to enforce a cause of
18	action under this subsection by the Federal
19	Trade Commission or the attorney general of a
20	State shall be forever barred unless commenced
21	within 5 years after the Federal Trade Commis-
22	sion, or the attorney general, as the case may
23	be, knew or should have known that the cause
24	of action accrued. No cause of action barred
25	under existing law on the effective date of the

Pharmaceutical Market Access Act of 2007
shall be revived by such Act.

"(H) Measurement of damages.—In any action under this paragraph to enforce a cause of action under this subsection in which there has been a determination that a defendant has violated a provision of this subsection, damages may be proved and assessed in the aggregate by statistical or sampling methods, by the computation of illegal overcharges or by such other reasonable system of estimating aggregate damages as the court in its discretion may permit without the necessity of separately proving the individual claim of, or amount of damage to, persons on whose behalf the suit was brought.

- "(I) EXCLUSION ON DUPLICATIVE RE-LIEF.—The district court shall exclude from the amount of monetary relief awarded in an action under this paragraph brought by the attorney general of a State any amount of monetary relief which duplicates amounts which have been awarded for the same injury.
- "(7) EFFECT ON ANTITRUST LAWS.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to modify, im-

pair, or supersede the operation of the antitrust laws. For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'antitrust laws' has the meaning given it in the first section of the Clayton Act, except that it includes section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act to the extent that such section 5 applies to unfair methods of competition.

- "(8) Manufacturer.—In this subsection, the term 'manufacturer' means any entity, including any affiliate or licensee of that entity, that is engaged in—
- 12 "(A) the production, preparation, propaga13 tion, compounding, conversion, or processing of
 14 a prescription drug, either directly or indirectly
 15 by extraction from substances of natural origin,
 16 or independently by means of chemical syn17 thesis, or by a combination of extraction and
 18 chemical synthesis; or
 - "(B) the packaging, repackaging, labeling, relabeling, or distribution of a prescription drug.".
- 22 (b) REGULATIONS.—The Federal Trade Commission 23 shall promulgate regulations to carry out the enforcement 24 program under section 804(l) of the Federal Food, Drug, 25 and Cosmetic Act (as added by subsection (a)).

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1	(c) Suspension and Termination of Export-
2	ERS.—Section 804(g) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
3	Cosmetic Act (as amended by section 4(g)) (21 U.S.C.
4	384(g)) is amended by—
5	(1) striking "Suspension of Importation.—
6	The Secretary' and inserting "Suspension of Im-
7	PORTATION.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary"; and
9	(2) adding at the end the following:
10	"(2) Suspension and termination of ex-
11	PORTERS.—
12	"(A) Suspension.—With respect to the
13	effectiveness of a registration submitted under
14	subsection (f) by a registered exporter:
15	"(i) Subject to clause (ii), if the Sec-
16	retary determines, after notice and oppor-
17	tunity for a hearing, that the registered ex-
18	porter has failed to maintain substantial
19	compliance with all registration conditions,
20	the Secretary may suspend the registra-
21	tion.
22	"(ii) If the Secretary determines that,
23	under color of the registration, the reg-
24	istered exporter has exported a drug that
25	is not a qualifying drug, or a drug that

does not meet the criteria under this section, or has exported a qualifying drug to an individual in violation of this section, the Secretary shall immediately suspend the registration. A suspension under the preceding sentence is not subject to the provision by the Secretary of prior notice, and the Secretary shall provide to the registered exporter involved an opportunity for a hearing not later than 10 days after the date on which the registration is suspended.

"(iii) The Secretary may reinstate the registration, whether suspended under clause (i) or (ii), if the Secretary determines that the registered exporter has demonstrated that further violations of registration conditions will not occur.

"(B) TERMINATION.—The Secretary, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, may terminate the registration under subsection (f) of a registered exporter if the Secretary determines that the registered exporter has engaged in a pattern or practice of violating 1 or more registration conditions, or if on 1 or more occa-

sions the Secretary has under subparagraph 1 2 (A)(ii) suspended the registration of the reg-3 istered exporter. The Secretary may make the termination permanent, or for a fixed period of 4 5 not less than 1 year. During the period in which the registration of a registered exporter 6 7 is terminated, any registration submitted under 8 subsection (f) by such exporter or a person who 9 is a partner in the export enterprise or a principal officer in such enterprise, and any reg-10 11 istration prepared with the assistance of such 12 exporter or such a person, has no legal effect 13 under this section.".

14 SEC. 10. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act (and the amendments made by this Act).

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